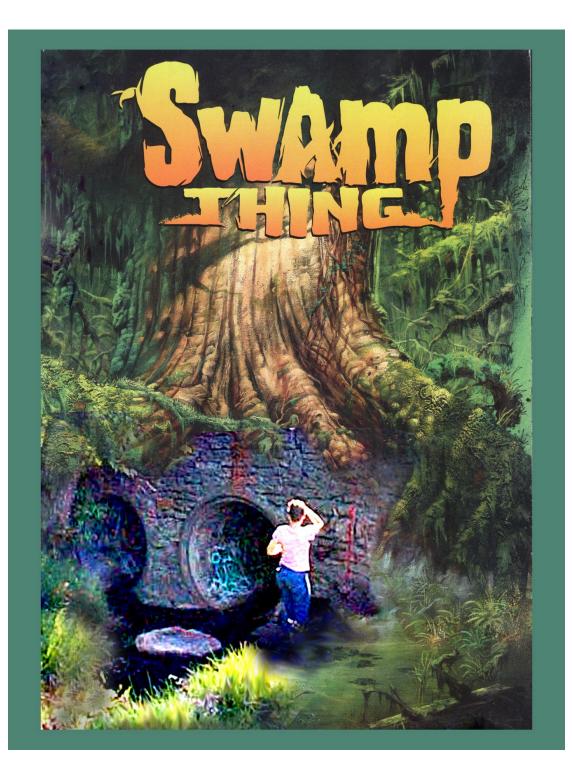
## California's Surface Water Ambient Monitoring Program

"SWAMP" Update - 2005





### Consumer Product Warning

- We are driving the car as we build it.
- Required:
  - Patience
  - Sense of humor
  - Play well with others

### "Tools" and "Rules"

- SWAMP Strategy for Data
  Comparability and Data Accessibility
  - · "Rule"
  - SWRCB-funded Programs/Projects
    - Grant Projects (PRISM), TMDLs, etc.

### "Tools" and "Rules"

- SWAMP Strategy for Data Comparability and Data Accessibility
- "Tools" for other Monitoring & Assessment Programs
  - Standardized Field Methods
  - Lab Analysis Performance Criteria
  - QAPP
  - Database
  - Training and Templates

### SWAMP: Required by AB 982

Comprehensive state program (surface water)

- All water bodies
- All beneficial uses
- All CWA & Water Code responsibilities

# The Challenge: CA

- 190 hydrologic units (655 hydrologic sub-areas)
- 211,000+ miles rivers and streams
- Over 10,000 lakes (1.6+ million acres)
- Over 1,300,000+ acres of bays and estuaries
- 1,609 miles of coastline
- Wetlands?

### Core Beneficial Uses

- Safe to Drink
- Safe to Swim
- Safe to Fish
- Healthy aquatic life

# The Regulatory Challenge:

- CWA section 305(b) report
- CWA section 303(d) list, TMDLs
- Porter Cologne, Basin Plans
- Implementation, 319h
- CWA section 106(e)

### Why Monitor?

- **Status**
- Trends
- ID specific water quality problems
- Gather information to design pollution prevention or remediation programs
- Determine whether program goals are being met
  - Compliance with regulations
  - Implementation of control actions

### SWAMP: Required by AB 982

- Comprehensive state program (surface water)
- Coordinate all <u>Board</u> ambient water quality monitoring Programs/projects
- High Quality Data
- Comparable data
- \* Accessible

#### November 2000 SWAMP

- Proposed a cost efficient monitoring program to meet all CWA needs for all water types and pollutant sources
- Requested
  - \$59 to \$115 million
  - 87 to 132 PYs

(\$3,400,000)

(17 PYs)

WDPF surcharge

# 2003-04 Reality Check

- Existing goals don't match the fiscal reality or current program
- Need realistic short-term objectives (priorities)
- Need longer-term implementation strategy
- Need to pursue collaborative alternatives to data generation

## Implementation Strategy

- Monitoring Program Strategy
- Monitoring Objectives
- Monitoring Design
- Core Indicators of Water Quality
- Quality Assurance
- Data Management
- Data Analysis/Assessment (CALM)
- Reporting
- Programmatic Evaluation
- General Support and Infrastructure

SWAMP is a state framework to coordinate consistent and scientifically defensible methods and strategies for improving water quality monitoring, assessment, and reporting.

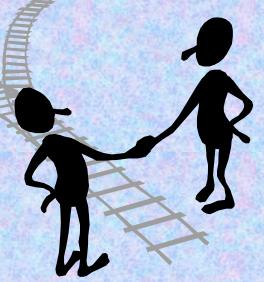
# Why Focus on Collaboration & Comparability?

Critical differences in project design, methods, data analysis, and data management make it difficult for monitoring information to be shared by more potential data users.



### Collaboration and Comparability

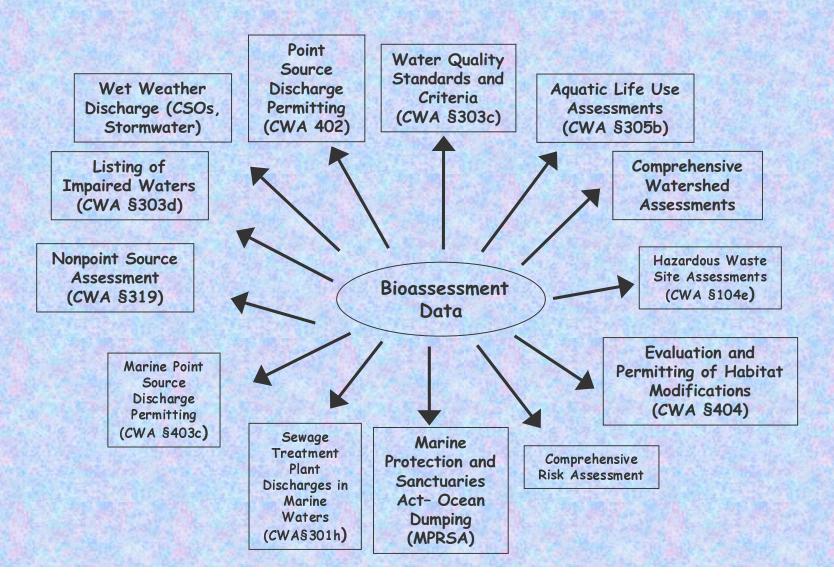
Development of a national and state monitoring strategy requires that we create a framework for *collaboration* and *comparability* among programs



### Building "Comparability"

- **Common Indicators**
- **Methods**
- Quality Assurance Program
- Database w/ metadata
- Information Exchange Network
- Tool Box and Training

# Use of Bioassessment in Water Quality Monitoring



# Bioassessment Application: Condition Assessments (EMAP/ CMAP)

Objective: Use of probabilistic surveys to answer basic WQ questions:

- What is the biotic condition of the state's streams?
- ➤ Is it getting better? Is it getting worse?
- ➤ Are we allocating \$\$\$\$ wisely?

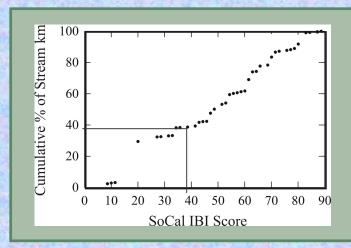
Condition Assessments: SoCal, NorCal, statewide

<u>CMAP</u>: also apply these questions to non-point source (NPS) stressor categories:

Agriculture, Urban, Forested, Other

Appoximately 270 sites collected under EMAP and an additional 200-250 will be collected under CMAP





### Method Comparability

- Consistent and objective sampling, analysis and assessment methods:
  - Sampling: standard field protocols;
    - Training Module (CD)
  - Analysis: performance based;
  - Assessment: 303(d) Policy

# QA strategy

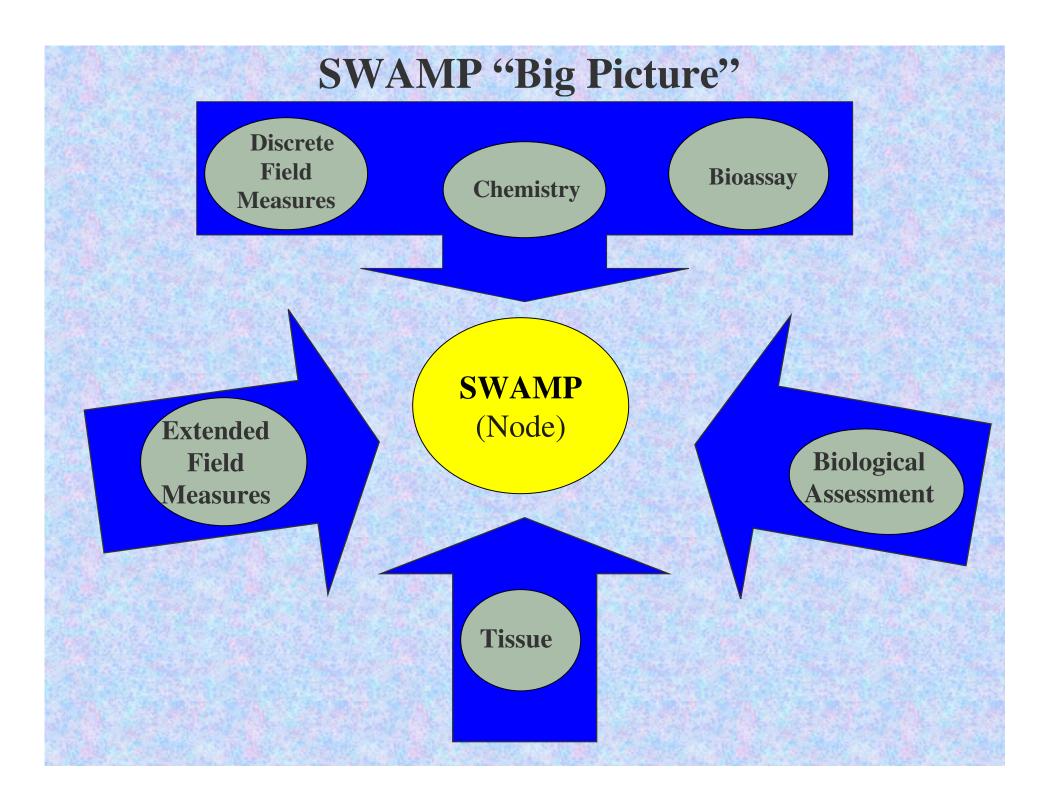
- QA team
- Consistent data quality assurance:
  - Statewide QMP, 1st Ed.
- QA Tool Box:
  - Training Courses
  - Template, Models, "Boilerplate"
  - Expert System

## **QAPP** Implementation

- Protocols
- Audits (lab, field, regions)
- Intercomparison Exercises
- Performance Evaluation Studies
- **QMP** revision
- Data Verification/Validation
- Toolbox

### **Data Comparability**

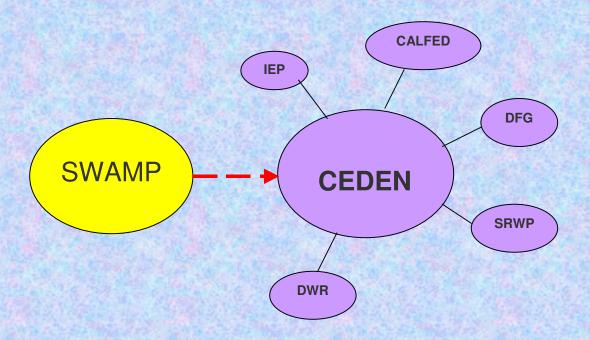
- Inclusive of all types of water quality monitoring -
  - chemical, toxicity and field data
  - tissue, bacteria indicators, biological, habitat characteristics
- Training
  - On-site
  - User's guide



# Data Integration & Accessibility

- Integrated data management
- Public Access
- Share information, costs and applications

### Database Integration

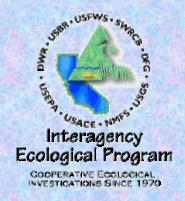


SWAMP = Surface Water Ambient Monitoring Program
BDAT = Bay-Delta and Tributaries Database
IEP = Interagency Ecological Program
DFG = Department of Fish & Game
SRWP = Sacramento River Watershed Program
DWR = Department of Water Resources
CALFED = State and Federal Interagency Group

# CA Environmental Data Network (CEDEN) - 50 Entities















**Background/Distributed Data Management System** 

### **SWAMP Training Tract**

-All SWAMP "partners"
-Use of SWAMP "toolbox"

- Introductory Monitoring Design
- Advanced Monitoring Design
- SWAMP Field Methods (CD rom)
- Introductory Quality Assurance
- SWAMP Advisor
- SWAMP Data Management
- SWAMP Collaboration Workshop
- Annual mtg CA Bioassessment Workgroup
- SWAMP for Ag. Coalitions
- Monitoring Grant Project Effectiveness

### Next 24 Months

- Continue statewide & regional assessments
- "Flesh-out" SWAMP Strategy
- Formation of NPS Monitoring Tracking Council
- Intra- & Inter-agency Outreach/Education
- Continue Training
- Reporting (305b, RB assessments)
- Public fact sheets
- Continue data integration
- 2nd. Edition QMP
- 2nd SPARC (external peer review)

### Outstanding Issues -Insufficient Resources

- Increase in SWAMP "partners"
- Consistency/Comparability = Training
- **QA** Coordination
- Requesting/receiving data
- Resistance to change

### Questions?

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http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/swamp

What if, monitoring programs could pursue their own goals and also integrate information from other sources to support their needs?

What if, data and information from many sources could be aggregated to improve coverage across jurisdictions?

What if we could design programs and use monitoring information collaboratively to better understand how to protect and manage our waters and watersheds?

What if this integration, aggregation, and collaboration enabled us to achieve a better return on public and private investments?

These "what ifs" can only be realized if we all strive for comparability.